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Joint Photographic Intelligence Report

AIR-DEFENSE SYSTEM

ALBANIA









ARMY Declass Review by NIMA / DoD

PIC/JR-3/60

FEBRUARY 1960

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CIA

AIR-DEFENSE SYSTEM ALBANIA

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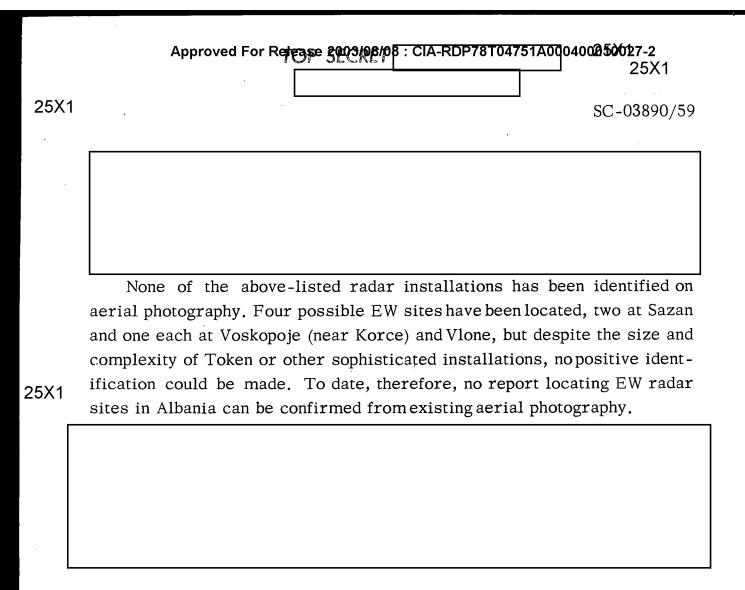
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PREFACE

This joint photographic intelligence report has been prepared by the Army, Navy, and Central Intelligence Agency. It fulfills Army requirements DSRI-1-EL-12-59 and SRI 16-L-59, requesting information on the extent and capabilities of the Albanian air-defense system.



III. COMMUNICATIONS AND CONTROL

It seems likely that communications in the Albanian ADS are effected primarily by a wire net with a radio backup, as in some other Soviet Satellites. The fact that no significant radio installations outside Tirane have been located on aerial photography indicates that communications within the ADS can be handled by small, unsophisticated voice or CW facilities utilizing whip or long-wire antennas which are invisible on the photography. There is a possibility that commercial facilities, such as those at Tirane, Shkoder, Durres, Vlone, Sarande, and Korce, could be tied into the ADS in times of emergency.

At Tirane, according to collateral sources, the ADS headquarters is located in a newly constructed military area containing a signal-battalion headquarters, which is probably staffed by the signal unit, and a small radio

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station. (Note: Several possible areas have been found on the photography, but no definite conclusions as to which is the ADS headquarters could be drawn.) In addition, the newly constructed Radio Tirane, 4.5 miles northnorthwest of Tirane, may be capable of supplementing the ADS.

IV. ACTIVE AIR-DEFENSE CAPABILITIES

Capabilities for active air defense are provided by conventional antiaircraft artillery (AAA) and DP positions, many of which are radar-controlled, and fighter-interceptor aircraft. AAA, mostly radar-controlled, has been located on photography at Durres, Tirane, Berat-Kucove, Vlone, Sazan Island, Karaburun Peninsula, and Sarande. In addition, DP CD-AA positions are located at Shengjin, Durres, Sazan Island, Karaburun Peninsula, Himare, and Sarande. All these positions, the majority of which appear to be radar-controlled, are shown on specific location maps, Figures 2 through 8. Figure 1 is a key to these maps. It is significant that these sites have been constructed and/or improved recently, some of them within the past year. If collateral reports of surface-to-air and surface-to-surface missiles are true, the improved CD positions constitute possible locations for these missiles. This possibility, however, has not been confirmed from the photography.

Latest air OB studies indicate the presence of two active Fagot-Fresco					
regiments, each consisting of 20 aircraft, stationed at the Berat-Kucove					
Airfield, and a cadre Frank (Yak-9) regiment, consisting of 10 aircraft, at					
Tirane Airfield. third active Fagot-Fresco					
regiment at Preza Airfield. Aerial photography shows only four concrete-					
surfaced airfields in Albania, at Tirane, Preza, Vlone, and Berat-Kucove.					
Only Preza and Berat-Kucove appear to be capable of handling modern jet					
aircraft, and only Preza, with its 9,200-foot runway, is capable of handling					
multiengine jets. Aerial photography cannot confirm either the Frank regi-					
ment at Tirane or the Fagot-Fresco regiment at Preza. Thirteen Fagot-					
Fresco aircraft were located at Berat-Kucove Airfield on					
and one transport aircraft each at the Preza and Tirane airfields.					

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V. CONCLUSIONS

The most significant facet of the Albanian ADS is the apparent lack of emphasis placed on it by the USSR. While the photography cannot confirm the existence or location of the relatively few reported EW radar sites, the seeming absence of an active deterrent capability, other than that provided by conventional AAA, indicates that Albania has no extensive over-all air-defense system. (The table lists the locations of the possible and probable EW radar sites and the radar-controlled AAA positions which have been located from aerial photography.)

Active AA measures, utilizing conventional AA-DP weapons, appear to be adequate in individual locations but of no value in an area defense. The capital, Tirane, with eight visible, occupied, radar-controlled AA positions, and the Vlone-Karaburun area are the only two locations in Albania which appear to have an established area-defense system. The number of fighter-interceptor aircraft observed to date does not approach the reported number and could probably offer only token resistance to hostile aircraft. As stated previously, the probability of a build-up inland, comparable to that along the coastal areas, should not be discounted.

Photographic Radar Order of Battle

Location	<u>Item</u>	Coordinates
Tirane (Fig. 2)	GCA radar (probable)	41°23'20''N/19°45'40''E
	Fire-control radar	41°21'20''N/19°42'40''E
	Fire-control radar	41°18'25''N/19°43'40''E
	Fire-control radar	41°21'30''N/19°46'30''E
	Fire-control radar	41°17'50''N/19°48'35''E
	Fire-control radar	41°19'50''N/19°47'35''E
•	Fire-control radar	41°21'20''N/19°50'40''E
	Fire-control radar (possible)	41°20'40''N/19°51'10''E
	Fire-control radar (probable)	41°17'25''N/19°52'06''E

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Location	<u>Item</u>	Coordinates
Durres Area, North (Fig. 3)	Fire-control radar (possible)	41°19'40''N/19°25'30''E
	Fire-control radar	41°19'05''N/19°27' 3 5''E
•	Fire-control radar	41°19'05''N/19°26'05''E
	Fire-control radar	41°18'50''N/19°26'25''E
	Fire-control radar	41°24'00''N/19°23'45''E
Durres Area, South (Fig. 4)	Fire-control radar	41°14'00''N/19°31'30''E
Vlone Area (Fig. 5)	EW radar (possible)	40°20'07''N/19°22'28''E
	Fire-control radar	40°25'30''N/19°17'30''E
	Fire-control radar	40°22'50''N/19°21'40''E
	Fire-control radar	40°19'50''N/19°24'10''E
	Fire-control radar	40°19'40''N/19°21'10''E
	Fire-control radar	40°28'05''N/19°29'45''E
	Fire-control radar	40°28'48''N/19°28'48''E
Sazan Island (Fig. 6)	EW radar (possible)	40°30'19"N/19°16'15"E
•	EW radar (possible)	40°29'52''N/19°16'33''E
	Fire-control radar	40°29'05''N/19°16'40''E
	Fire-control radar	40°28'55''N/19°17'00''E
	Fire-control radar	40°30'35''N/19°16'10''E
Sarande (Fig. 7)	Fire-control radar (possible)	3 9°5 3 ' 3 6''N/ 1 9°59'00''E
Berat-Kucove Area (Fig. 8)	Fire-control radar	40°49'55''N/19°53'05''E
	Fire-control radar	40°48'40''N/19°53'10''E
	Fire-control radar	40°48'20''N/19°55'40''E
Cape Rodonit (Fig. 9)	Fire-control radar	41°35'00''N/19°27'00''E
Skele Semanit (Fig. 9)	Fire-control radar	40°47'00''N/19°21'20''E
Voskopoje (Fig. 9)	EW radar (possible)	40°39'20''N/20°36'45''E

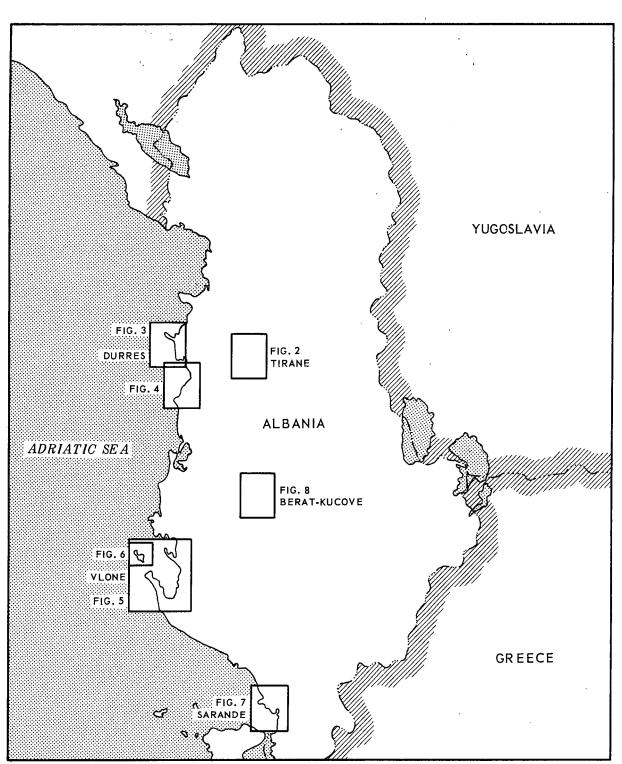


FIGURE 1. KEY TO SPECIFIC LOCATION MAPS

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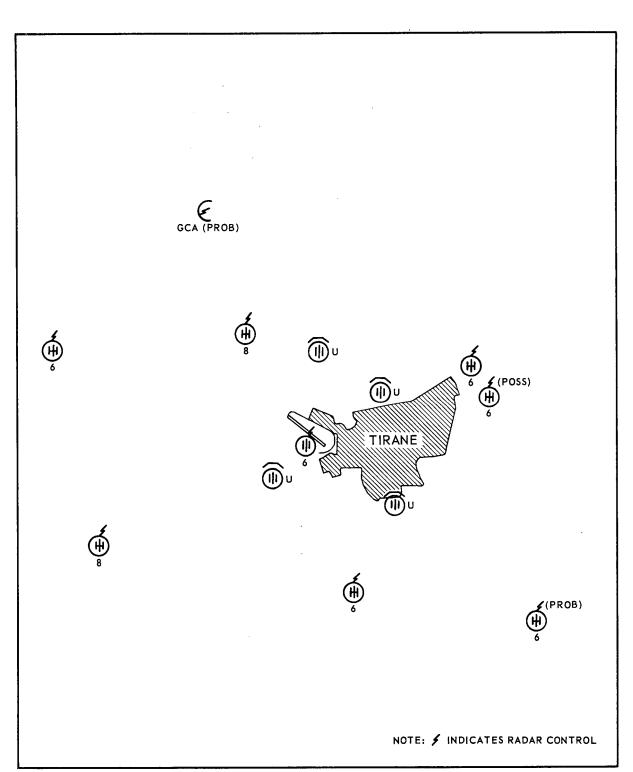


FIGURE 2. TIRANE

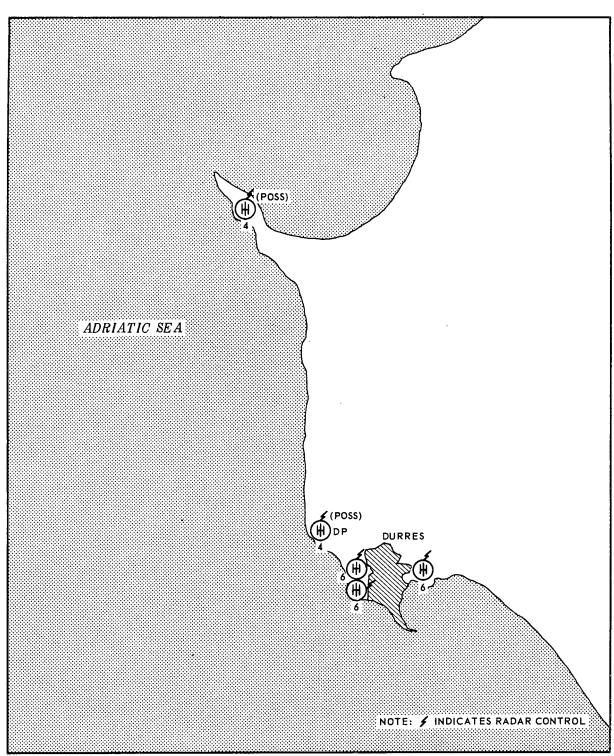


FIGURE 3. DURRES AREA, NORTH

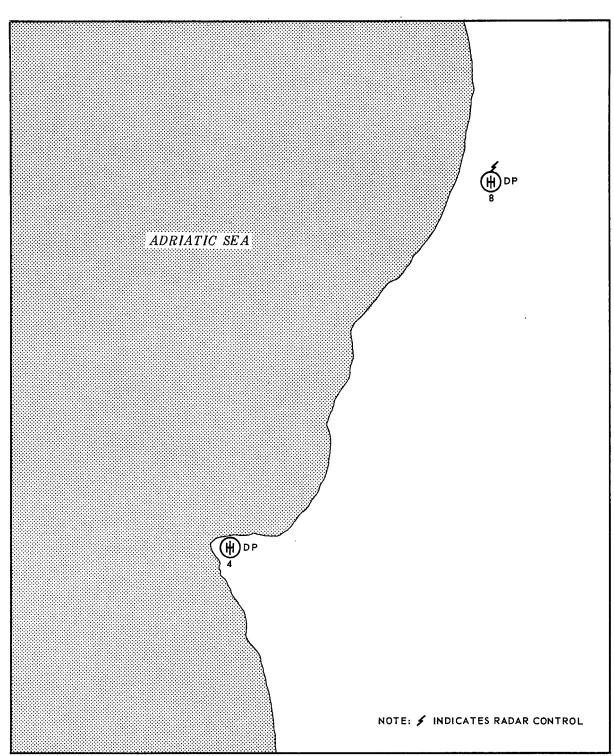


FIGURE 4. DURRES AREA, SOUTH

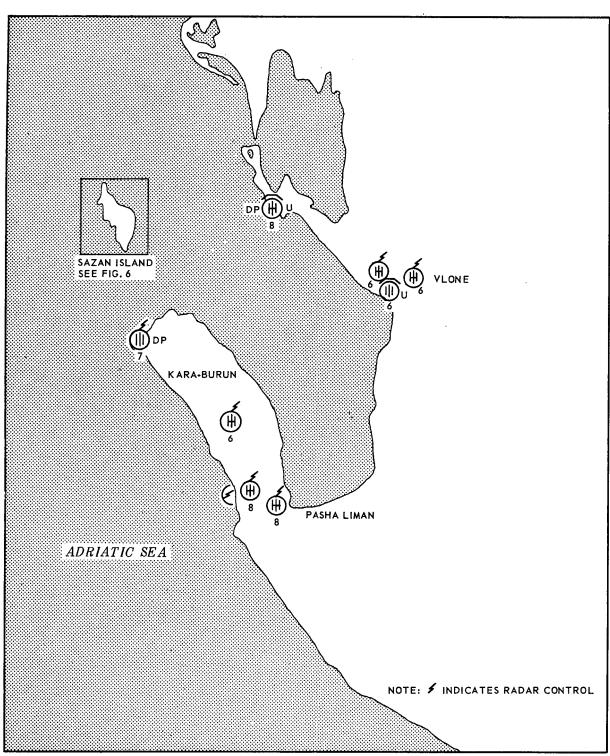


FIGURE 5. VLONE AREA

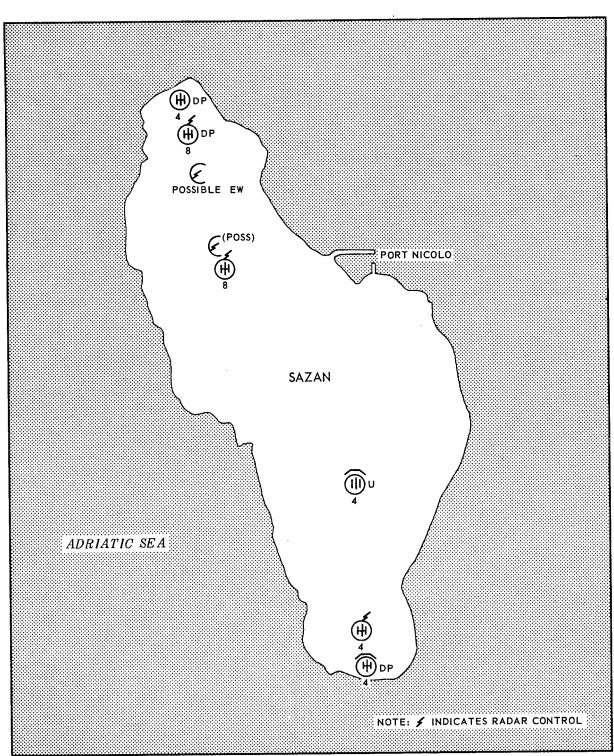


FIGURE 6. SAZAN ISLAND

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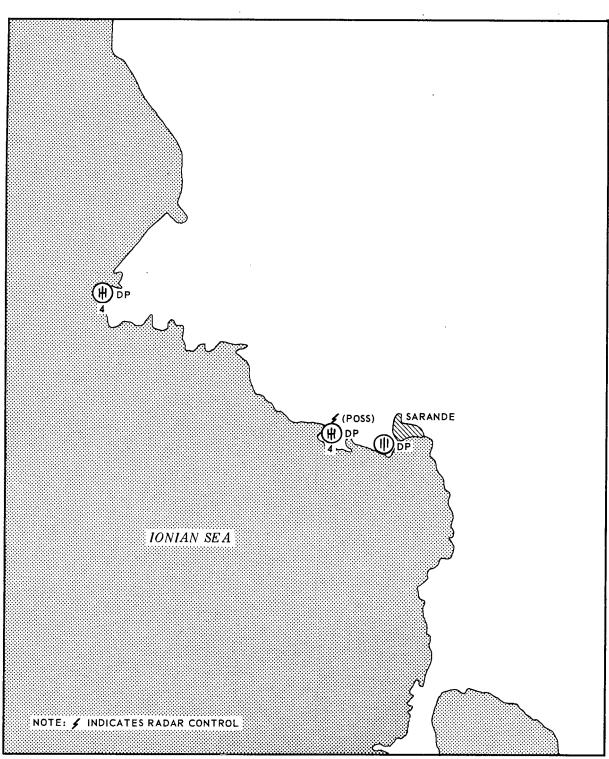


FIGURE 7. SARANDE

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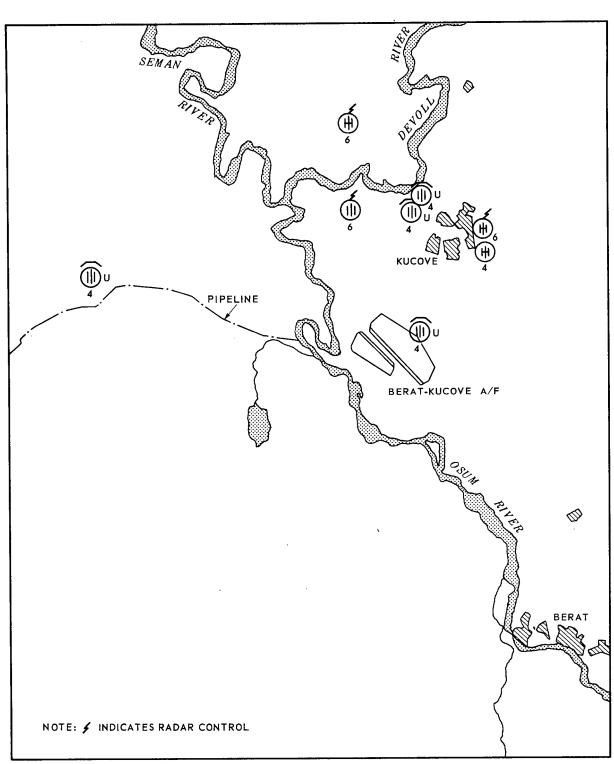


FIGURE 8. BERAT-KUCOVE AREA

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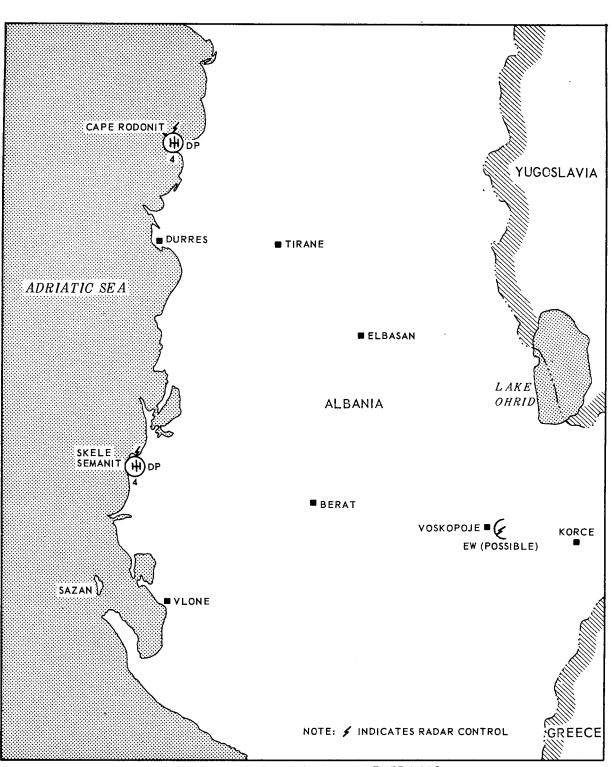


FIGURE 9. RADAR NOT SHOWN ON OTHER MAPS

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